DECEMBER 17, 1767. THE NUMBER 865.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE.

From LLOYD's Evening Poſt, of Sept. 18.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

SOME time ſince you preſented the publick with ſome examples of the humourous effects occaſioned by croſs-reading the newſpapers. The peruſal of that piece induced a party of us, who were in the country this ſummer, to make trial of the ſame experiment, which has helped us to paſs the time on rainy days, when we were prevented from more active amuſements. Your inſerting them will oblige

Yours, &c.

PAPYRIUS SECUNDUS.

Yeſterday the new Board of Treaſury met,
and every one preſent expreſſed the higheſt ſatisfaction.

On Sunday next the Court will go into mourning;
Particulars are expected relating to this black affair.

The ſun has been obſerved *not* to ſhine for ſome days,
occaſioned by the undue influence of a certain Nobleman.

Never was known ſuch mild weather at this ſeaſon,
owing to the ſpirited conduct of the Earl of C——m.

On Monday the powder mills at Hounſlow blew up;
this report merits confirmation.

Yeſterday there was a great Board of Ordnance;
the ſhock of which was felt many miles off.

One of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State
fell off the ſhafts, being aſleep, and the wheels went over him.

It is ſaid the Miniſtry is to be new modelled;
the repairs of which will coſt a large ſum annually.

This has occaſioned a Cabinet Council to be held
at Betty's fruit ſhop in St. James's ſtreet.

The Favourite's friends will be totally excluded;
the harveſt in the north being almoſt over.

The M. of R. will again be at the head of the Adminiſtration.

N. B. He can produce a good character from his laſt place.

It is now ſaid the expected changes will *not* take place,
owing to the wicked arts of *engroſſers* and *monopolizers*.

On Tueſday both Houſes of Convocation met:
Books ſhut, nothing done;

Same day a terrible fire broke out,
by which means ſeveral felons made their eſcape.

India ſtock roſe to 271,
and it was ſome time before it could be got under.

Being St. Patrick's day, the tutelar Saint of Ireland,
The *ſtanding* Committee will *ſit* at twelve.

It was obſerved with the uſual demonſtrations of joy,
Whereby much damage was done in the cellars about Weſtminſter.

Yeſterday a quantity of new guineas were iſſued at the Tower:
Let no one doubt the efficacy of this medicine.

At the above office may be had ſhares of tickets and chances,
If there be any *yet* afflicted with this diſeaſe.

We are aſſured that Lord T. will accept of a place;
it operates as an alterative, and produces a wonderful change.

It is ſaid an act will paſs next ſeſſion,
and will keep good for years, even in the Weſt Indies.

Aged 76, was married to a young girl of 18,
the reaſon of his committing this raſh action is not known.

With every qualification to render the married ſtate happy;
of no uſe to any perſon but the owner.

Laſt night a Gentleman cut his throat from ear to ear:
Razors may be had of a new conſtruction.

On Friday the price of corn at Bear Key fell
from a ſcaffold in Cheapſide, and was terribly bruiſed.

We hear that Mr. Wilkes is writing a hiſtory of England;

He was convicted of the like offence at the aſſizes in 1763;

His houſe was burglariouſly broke open and robbed
by virtue of a warrant under the hand and ſeal

A truly patriot ſcheme was moved in an auguſt Aſſembly;
it was extinguiſhed without doing much damage.

Yeſterday a man was indicted for committing a rape,
and upon trial the ſcheme was found to be impracticable.

It is ſaid that A---n B. will *not* go to the ſouth of France,
another wild beaſt having appeared in the Gevaudan.

Yeſterday ended the ſeſſions at the Old Bailey,
of the utmoſt uſe in peopling our new colonies.

At this ſeſſion three were ordered to be branded,
*** None are genuine but ſuch as have this mark.

On Monday died, univerſally lamented,
and there were great rejoicings on this happy occaſion.

To the curious in bacon.
He was reckoned the fatteſt man in England, next to Mr. Bright.

We hear that a treaty of marriage is concluded
for 20 l. a ſide between the noted Dier and the famous Nailor.

The ceremony was performed at St. James's church,
and they inſtantly made off acroſs the heath.

An agreeable young Lady with a fortune of 10,000 l.
This is inſerted as a caution to thoſe who are fond of bargains.

Yeſterday, on the parade, a ſoldier received 500 laſhes;
Apply as above, and you ſhall have the ſame reward.

To be diſpoſed of by private contract,
in the room of their late member, created a Peer.

His Lordſhip arrived from abroad in perfect health,
to the great grief of that noble family.

It is thought the election will be warmly conteſted,
in order to preſerve unanimity in the county.

India ſtock fell yeſterday 2½,
the proprietors being content with a moderate profit.

Loſt or miſlaid by careleſſneſs,
an opportunity of getting 20 per cent.

Yeſterday an old houſe fell down in St. Giles's;
a total wreck, but the crew ſaved.

On Sunday next a charity ſermon will be preached,
And great quantities of beer given to the populace.

An academy is opened for the inſtruction of youth,
in order that none may pretend ignorance.

He has juſt opened a houſe for inoculation;
*** Be careful to have the right ſort.

My daughter is effectually cured, by the uſe of
Sermons for young women, in 2 vols. duodecimo.

To be let, a houſe pleaſantly ſituated.
Removed from over the way.

The late copartnerſhip is diſſolved
Between the hours of twelve and three.

Whereas it often happens that people are in want of money,
500 l. are ready to be given away to any Lady or Gentleman.

Wanted, a genteel place under the Government;
it is of ſingular uſe to thoſe who are to ſpeak in publick.

Genteel places in any of the publick offices,
ſo much admired by the Nobility and Gentry.

The author of PAPYRIUS CURSOR was taken into cuſtody,
And the jury brought in their verdict *Chance Medley*.

From the LONDON EVENING POST.

To the PRINTER.

BEING out of employ, and hearing that your paragraph maker is dead, I humbly offer myſelf a candidate to ſucceed him; flattering myſelf that I am every way qualified for that office, my anceſtors having been all, to a man, great politicians and newſmongers. The latter part of my father's days were ſpent in the Compter and Bethlehem, and even when there, his whole thoughts and employ were dedicated to the publick good. I mentioned my preſent project to a friend; he told me that I was mad, that you do not pay people to write your news, and that I was going the way my poor father went. "Poor creature's mad I think." If, Sir, I am ſo lucky as to ſucceed, it will make me very happy, being at this time in want of money. I was ſome time ago in partnerſhip with a Gentleman, but unfortunately I had a very pretty ſhop of buſineſs; I failed; I could not get my monies in. Do you know I had near 40 s. owing me when I failed, which was more than would have paid my creditors? But to the purpoſe: Underwritten is a ſpecimen of my abilities; if you approve of it, and will employ me, I promiſe you never to turn any thing out of my hands worſe. I am, Sir, Your humble ſervant,

PETER SCRIBBLE.

P. S. If you can ſpare me ſo much as half a crown, without hurting yourſelf and family, I ſhall be very thankful for it, being really in want of monies. You may deduct it out of the firſt payment.

I'll call at your houſe on Sunday, that being the moſt convenient day for me, at preſent, as my affairs ſtand.

If you employ me, I muſt inſiſt on being allowed one of your devils to take you the news as faſt as I make it; my ſhoes and feet being bad, hinders me from running faſt. A devil's imp will do my buſineſs.

The grand national races do not begin until next ſpring. The jockeys are to ſtart from moſt of the great towns in England, and ride to St. Stephen's poſt. As jockeying is allowed, it is thought there will be ſport, many thrown out of their ſeats, many diſtanced, and much money loſt.

The King's coats and badges will be rowed for ſoon. It is hoped by all honeſt people that the beſt ſculls will come in firſt.

Laſt night was murdered, at a houſe of ill fame, by a ſet of female aſſaſſins, the reputations of many virtuous Ladies. Pray ſtop their mouths.

As the juſtices and pariſh officers in and about this metropolis (for reaſons beſt known to themſelves) do not chooſe to inſert the names of the unjuſt bakers, in order that they might be branded with infamy, a petition is to be laid before the next Parliament craving leave to erect, at the publick coſt, a pillory in each ſtreet wherein a baker lives; and, upon conviction, each baker to be put thereon, and, inſtead of rotten eggs, to be pelted with his own light bread. The bread, when broke, to be given to the poor. Note, only halfpeny rolls to be thrown at them for the firſt offence.

Yeſterday morning two dead men were carried in a baker's baſket to a publick houſe, and there cut up.

Laſt night were interred the laſt remains of Engliſh Hoſpitality; Charity, Benevolence, Virtue, Honour, Honeſty, and Chaſtity, who ſupported the pall, were puſhed into the grave, and covered over likewiſe.

To be let, and entered on immediately, on leaſes for life, many of them in good repair, ſome thouſands of young unmarried women. They are to be viewed every evening, until they are let, at the following places, viz. Vauxhall, Mary le Bon, Saddler's Wells, Park, &c.

Laſt night were taken up, by the watch, and carried to the Roundhouſe, nineteen full pots of ſtrong beer. They were all diſcharged, and let out again before the Juſtice was up.

As proviſions ſtill remain dear, we hear the city is going to fit out, at their own expenſe, for the publick good, a large fleet of ſhips, to bring home belly timber, vulgarly called turtle. Rare news for Old England!

This morning, about ten o'clock, was hanged, purſuant to its ſentence, a fine fat haunch of veniſon. It is to hang a fortnight, and then to be eaten by the overſeers of —— pariſh, for the benefit of the poor.

A foreigner is taken up for raviſhing a Lady of diſtinction with his fiddle ſtick. His trial comes on next concert night.

To be diſpoſed of, to the higheſt bidder, warranted ſound, wind and limb, riſing ſixteen, carries her head in the right place, has all her paces, is in good condition, and able to carry any weight, a fine brown girl. The reaſon her preſent owner parts with her is that he is going to be married, and has no further occaſion for her.

Yeſterday Bob Pilfer was chriſtened in the pariſh horſe pond. There was a great number of the mobility aſſiſted at the ceremony.

To all foreigners, and others: This is to give notice that the Engliſh vulgar tongue is taught at Billingſgate, by a company of qualified fiſhwomen, upon very

This morning was married, at St. Giles's church, James Tripe, Esq; cartase butcher, to Miss Biddy Treakle, only daughter, and heiress, of the late Timothy Treakle, Esq; gingerbread baker. After the ceremony was over, the new married couple set out for their country seat at Marrow-Bone.

This morning a young man and young woman made away with themselves in St Clement's church. The young woman was driven to it by her own father's persuasion, and a clergyman was observed to be very busy in tying the noose hard. A Reverend officiate at the Savoy chapel was transported some years ago for a similar practice.

Last night was safely delivered of twins the celebrated Mrs. Evans, a favourite cat of Lady Lovepuppy's, to the great joy of her Ladyship.

Eloped, at two this morning, from her nephew and guardian, Miss Charlotte Manlove, spinster, aged 74, along with Mr. Sampson Thickset, aged 18. It is supposed they are gone to Scotland. Any one that will stop the parties on this side matrimony, and deliver the young Lady up to her nephew, shall be handsomely rewarded.

On Sunday last a young Lady, at the Court end of the town, lost every thing she had to stake, but her honour, at cards.

Last night a Gentleman's house was robbed (by one who had the appearance of a Gentleman) and the following goods stolen out of it, viz. a young Lady aged 16, a lapdog, a monkey, a squirrel, a dormouse, a French woman, a parrot, two large trunks of wearing apparel, a small cabinet full of jewels, watches, rings, and female trinkets, a drawer full of pomatum, powder, combs, patches, paint, lipsalve, tooth powder and brushes, a pound of pins, and one needle without an eye. The Gentleman dropped, in his haste, the following things: The French woman, lapdog, dormouse, parrot, monkey, squirrel, and the drawers of combustibles. Stop the thief.

Just imported, from Holland, 1000 barrels of Cruelty, Craft, Subtlety, and Dissimulation, and one small barrel of Dutch Honesty.

From Italy, a large cargo of Fiddlers, Dancers, and Eunuchs.

From Spain, many bladders of Pride.

From Portugal, 1000 chests of Ingratitude.

Exported to France, within this month, 1115 live Sheep, and 2000 cwt. of English Wool.

Imported from thence, 900 Perukemakers, Millíners, Mantuamakers, Valets, Cooks, Preceptors, Dancingmasters, and Jesuits.

LONDON, *August* 1767.

The following is a concise account of the increase of the commerce, wealth, and power of our Mother Country, *and the growth of her* CAPITAL, *since the commencement of the reign of Queen* Elizabeth, *wrote by a noted author in* 1752.

"THOSE who may be doubtful whether our colonies and plantations have been, or still are, beneficial to these kingdoms, should consider what was the condition of this country before we had any plantations; and this, I must needs say, was despicable. In the victorious reign of Edward III. there was a balance of trade struck and delivered into the Exchequer, by which it appeared the exports of one year exceeded their imports by £. 255,214-13-8, at that time a large sum. At the time when Queen Elizabeth entered upon the government the customs produced £. 36,000 a year, at the Restoration they were farmed for £. 400,000, and before the Revolution they exceeded double that sum.

"The people of London, before we had any plantations, and but very little trade, were computed at about 100,000; at the death of Queen Elizabeth, they were computed at 150,000; and now, in the year 1752, about six times that number. In those days we had not only our naval stores, but our ships, from our neighbours. Germany furnished us with all things made of metal, even to nails. Wine, paper, linen, and a thousand other things, came from France. Portugal furnished us with sugar. All the product of America was poured into us from Spain, and the Venetians and Genoese retailed to us the commodities of the East Indies at their own price. In short, the legal interest of money was 12 per cent. and the common price of our land was 10 or 12 years purchase. We may say our manufactures were but few, and those but indifferent; our merchants were in proportion, and the whole shipping of our nation much inferiour to what belongs to the northern colonies only. These are certain facts; but as soon as we began to extend our trade, and make settlements abroad, the face of our affairs began to change: The inhabitants of our city of London doubled before the end of the *last* period, and were again double before the end of *this*; our shipping increased in a still greater proportion, we coined within twenty years after that Queen's death about fifty millions, and in the next twenty years eight millions, which were the most indisputable proofs that we had gained a prodigious balance of trade in our favour.

"Since we have established colonies and plantations, I may venture to affirm that our condition has altered for the better almost to a degree beyond credibility: Our manufactures are prodigiously increased, chiefly by a demand for them in the plantations, where they must at least take off one half, and supply us with many valuable commodities for exportation, which is as great an emolument to the Mother Kingdom as to the plantations themselves."

The same author adds, that "Colonies and Plantations are both strength and riches to their Mother Country; and while ours have *British* blood in their veins, relations in *Great Britain*, and a true sense of the invaluable blessing of *British* liberty, and get by trading with us, the stronger and greater they grow the more the Crown, as well as the Kingdom, will gain by them: Nothing but our *arbitrary treatment* of them, and our *misgovernment*, can make them otherwise than beneficial to the nation in general."

They write from Paris that the commandant of the French colony at Falkland isle, near the Straits of Magellan, has written home for some skilful harpooners to be sent out with proper implements for the whale fishery; alleging that, from the prodigious number of those fish which annually appear upon the coast, fifty ships might easily be laden for Europe.

Extract of a letter from Paris, *September* 5.

"We are assured that the troop of carabineers, in their late march from Compeigne to Paris, laid the villages under contribution, and behaved quite in a military manner, taking by force, and without payment, whatever they thought proper. These disorders have irritated several Noblemen to whom their vassals have complained, and they have joined together to carry on a process against M. de Poyanne, to obtain an indemnification for the devastation and plunder made by his carabineers.

"One of them passing towards Montrouge (a village half a league from Paris) met a washerwoman and her daughter carrying some linen; he addressed the youngest, asked her what she had got, searched, and found some mens shirts, said they would suit him very well, and carried them off, in spite of the intreaties and tears of the woman. He went afterwards to a tavern, got drunk, and, in quality of a carabineer, marched off without paying. He met in his way one of his comrades, as drunk as himself, who asked what he was about, and from whence he came, &c. The former confessed that he had some remorse for having just committed a scandalous action, and related the story. The latter said, with the contempt and tone of a carabineer, "What an infamous action is that, it deserves the rack." "You are right (says the other) but I was not made for the rack; no, a carabineer is not destined to that." "What's to be done then? I have a great mind to cut you to pieces," replied his angry comrade. "You will do well, slash away----hold, here I am;" (and at the same time he pulled off his hat and presented himself to his comrade, who drew and lifted his sabre) "courage, my friend, hack me well, purify me in my blood." The other immediately fell on, and cut him to pieces, without his uttering one cry or groan. The victim expired, and the sacrificer walked coolly off."

Extract of a letter from Paris, *August* 30.

"The King having permitted, by his letters of May last, all foreigners to take up licenses for carrying on arts and manufactures, the Jews thought themselves comprehended in this edict, and availed themselves of the letter to be admitted, not only into commerce and the arts, but also to obtain in France a sort of denizenship, which has constantly been refused them in France, in all ages, and in all places. However, the six trading companies and merchants of this city, justly alarmed at these pretentions, have presented a petition to his Majesty, in which they expose, and prove by arguments, supported by historical facts, that the Jews cannot, consistently with their principles, act otherwise than so as to disgrace and ruin trade. In consequence thereof they pray that the declaration in 1715, with the arret, and other subsequent regulations touching the expulsion of the Jews, may be executed in due form and tenour; that they may be prohibited from settling in the kingdom; together with an order to such among them as have taken up licenses to bring them in, on condition that the sums paid for them be restored."

QUEBEC, *October* 22.

Thursday last sailed for Halifax his Majesty's ship Canceaux, H. Mowat, Esq; commander.

October 29. On Sunday evening last returned his Majesty's ship Canceaux, having under her convoy a brig from ——, for which she appeared to have a particular regard.

Thursday the 22d of this month a pardon was sent to Montreal for Simon La Pointe, a convict under sentence of death, for a robbery committed upon Mr. Sambroun. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governour has been pleased to extend his Majesty's mercy towards this person, in consideration of his being the first offender amongst his Majesty's new subjects that has been convicted of a capital crime since the institution of civil government in this province. He is pardoned upon condition of his leaving the province, within 30 days, and never more returning to it.

BOSTON, *Nov.* 16.

The representations and misrepresentations of those in America, who were only aiming at new appointments and high salaries, have in part had their effect; the people of Britain being made to think that the colonies are rich and able to pay duties on numberless articles for our consumption, and that now is the very crisis to bring them to submit to taxes laid and levied without their consent, and to acknowledge that Britons have the sole right to dispose of the properties of Americans at their pleasure; that now was the very time to make the Governours, Judges, and other Crown officers, created during the pleasure of their superiours, entirely independent of the people, who should yet be obliged to pay them four times as much as they ever asked, or had received, or merited for their services. That the colonies having run too largely into trade, it was proper their enterprising genius should be checked, it being more advantageous for the nation to receive their monies by way of revenue than in pay for their manufactures, and that monies so collected should be devoured by a swarm of useless officers than go towards the discharge of the national debt; and that notwithstanding the faith of Kings has been plighted that Britons transporting themselves to America should carry all their privileges along with them, there is notwithstanding a power now in the nation, which may strip them of the same, as well as of their properties, at their *sovereign* pleasure. If these should be the prevailing sentiments of men who may get into power, the distress and damage to both countries, in consequence of attempts to carry such sentiments into effect, is much easier to conceive than proper to describe; and what would Americans have to do, at such a prospect! Attend, my countrymen, to the sentiments of a Virginian, lately uttered upon supposition of such a crisis. "Instead of moping, and puling, and whining, to excite compassion in such a situation, we ought with spirit, and vigour, and alacrity, to bid defiance to tyranny, by exposing its impotence, by making it as contemptible as it would be detestable. By a vigorous application to manufactures, the consequence of oppression in the colonies to the inhabitants of *Great Britain* would strike home, and immediately. None would mistake it. Craft and subtlety would not be able to impose on the most ignorant and credulous; for if any should be so weak of sight as not to see, they would not be so callous as not to feel it. Such conduct would be the most dutiful and beneficial to the Mother Country: It would point out the distemper when the remedy might be easy, and a cure at once effected by a simple alteration of regimen. When contempt is mixed with injustice, and insult with violence, which is the case when an injury is done to him who hath the means of redress in his power, if the injured hath one inflammable grain of honour in his breast, this resentment will invigorate his pursuit of reparation, and animate his efforts to obtain an effectual security against a repetition of the outrage. The resentment I should recommend would be a legal, orderly, and prudent resentment, to be expressed in a zealous and vigorous industry, in an immediate use and unabating application of the advantages we derive from our situation; a resentment which could not fail to produce effects as beneficial to the Mother Country as to the Colonies, and which in regard to her welfare, as well as our own, ought to inspire us with on such an occasion."

To the PRINTER.

By some of the newspapers, the town and country appear to be greatly alarmed with the inconvenience and additional expense of the Board of Commissioners of the Customs in America. I think you would do but justice to undeceive the publick, therefore shall furnish you with such information as I have collected.

BEFORE the establishment of the present Board there were four Surveyor Generals on the continent, at the expense of 1000l. sterling each per annum, exclusive of the office attending the American affairs under the Commissioners in London, which was 1500l. more, amounting in the whole to 5500l. without their having power finally to determine any matter, until it was first laid before the Board at London, and waiting their directions, which delay has been always complained of as a grievance; to remedy which, and for the more immediate convenience and benefit of the trade in general, the legislative authority of Great Britain thought fit to appoint a Board of Customs in America, at the expense of 4500l. sterling, all officers and clerks included, every farthing of which will be spent in this town, exclusive of the expenses which will naturally arise from those officers and others that may attend the Board. Other provinces have had an idea of the advantages that would arise from the establishment of the Board, and its being fixed with them: Philadelphia and Virginia made great interest; the latter would have given 10,000l. to have had it determined in their favour.

NEW YORK, *November* 26.

Captain Shand from Eustatia, about 18 days ago, in lat. 24, spoke with Captain Moore, in a brig from this place, bound for Honduras, who had been then out 10 days, all well. Captain Shand says that Captain Snell, in a sloop bound for this port, sailed from Eustatia the day before him, who, he heard, on his passage thither, had fell in with and took up the Captain and crew of a brig bound from Boston to Surinam, who had been driving upon the wreck in the utmost distress for near 30 days, before Captain Snell met with them. Captain Shand expected Captain Snell would have arrived here before him, or he would have inquired more of the particulars.

Friday last his Majesty's ship Garland, Captain St. John, sailed from hence for England; and we hear the Coventry, Captain Kennedy, sails for the same place in about 12 days.

PHILADELPHIA, *Nov.* 26.

Laſt Thurſday night ſome rogues broke into a ſlop ſhop in Front ſtreet, and carried off ſome ſeamens jackets, about a dozen pairs of trouſers, two great coats, and other things, to the value of about 20 l. It is thought the villains were diſturbed before they had fully accompliſhed their deſign, by the watchmen going by, when the family were alarmed, and came down ſtairs, but they got off undiſcovered.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 17.

By ſome veſſels from *Barbados* we learn that advice had arrived there of the death of his Royal Highneſs the DUKE of YORK, at *Turin*.

And we hear that Mr. GEORGE GRENVILLE, a Gentleman well known to AMERICA, is defunct likewiſe.

Arrived in James river, from London, the Nancy, Hyndman; ſhe has had twelve weeks paſſage, conſequently brings no news.

*** No mail from the Northward this week.

To the PRINTER.

A DESCRIPTION *of the town of* NORFOLK, *extracted from the ſecond canto of a manuſcript poem entitled* "*The* CONTEST, *in three cantos*," *which you have leave to publiſh in your next paper. The deſcription begins with an invocation of the Muſe, as follows:*

MUSE! raiſe thy voice, attune thy ſong afreſh,
To NORFOLK's praiſes, in ambitious verſe!
Norfolk! "where wealth liſts up its golden head,"
Unbarr'd I found thy hoſpitable gates;
Thy boards I found with frugal plenty crown'd;
Generous, ſincere, plain-hearted all thy Chiefs.
With curious inqueſt, ranging o'er thy ſtreets,
In every art and every trade I ſaw,
Elaborate, bending beneath their toil,
(Sure fund of wealth) thy active ſons employ'd:
Saw "ſturdy oaks, by ſweating labour fell'd,"
Swell into ſhips, and ſweep the trading tides;
Saw ſtubborn pelts by ſkilful artiſts dreſt
Flexile and ſoft, for various uſes form'd;
Saw ſpacious walks where wheels inceſſant whirl,
And hempen fibres into cables twiſt;
Saw ſhips unnumber'd riding in thy port,
And groves of maſts in mazy proſpect ſtand;
Saw commerce ſpreading ſail for diſtant climes,
And well earn'd profits brought in full return;
Saw buildings on buildings magnifick riſe,
Improving daily thy extenſive bounds.
Norfolk! may thou to perfect beauty grow!
May rigid laws no more thy trade oppreſs!
May every realm around the ſea-waſh'd globe
Thy ſhips full laden in their ports receive,
And ample profit give in quick return!
May every virtue, every worth combine
To dignify thy town! may thy brave ſons
Firm to the cauſe of liberty remain,
"In all their native pomp of freedom fierce!"
Norfolk! accept this pledge of juſt reſpect;
And ye of liberty conſociate ſons!
Noble aſſertors of your country's rights,
When Grenville, hated name! full bent on ill,
Strong ſhackles forg'd, affecting to enthrall
In ſervitude abhorr'd our loyal ſtate,
Accept the Muſe's thanks for gift high priz'd
By bounteous hand, without deſert beſtow'd!

Committed to the Publick Gaol, on Friday laſt, Moſes Cornelius, from Charlotte, for paſſing bad money.

Entered in the upper diſtrict of James *river.*

Dec. 10. Virginia, Alexander Thomſon, from Antigua, with 59 hhds. of rum, 4 hhds. and 17 barrels of brown ſugar, and 6 hhds. of moloſſes.

12. Dolphin, Robert Hundley, from Salem, with 7 hhds. and 6 barrels of moloſſes, 1 caſk of foreign ſugar, 12 hhds. of ſalt, 2 barrels of mackerel, 2 quintals of fiſh, 5 hhds. and 12 barrels of rum, 25 wt. of chocolate, and ſundry iron and wooden ware.

12. William, Theodorick Munford, from Briſtol, with European goods.

Cleared,

Dec. 12. Induſtry, William Copland Latimer, for Barbados, with 4 bhds. of tobacco, 30 barrels of flower, 36 barrels of bread, 2105 buſhels of peaſe, 580 buſhels of corn, 1000 ſtaves, 500 heading, 9 barrels of pork, 6500 ſhingles, and ſome live ſtock.

14. Kattie, James Clark, for Greenock, with 455 hhds. of tobacco, 3 hhds of ſkins, 9400 ſtaves, and 300 hoops.

16. Homer, Robert Hattie, for Glaſgow, with 300 hhds. of tobacco, 1 hhd. of ſkins, 9000 ſtaves, and 3 bags of cotton.

☞ TICKETS *in the Hon.* WILLIAM BYRD's LOTTERY *to be had at the Poſt Office.*

Advertiſements.

YORK, *December* 10, 1767.

IMPORTED laſt ſummer, in the ſhip *Madeira Packet*, a pipe of *Madeira* WINE, marked FF, with a crow's foot between the letters, which hath not been delivered to the owner, and is ſuppoſed to have been ſent by miſtake with other wines to *James* river or *Rappahannock*. Whoever will give intelligence of the ſaid pipe of wine to the ſubſcriber, ſo that it may be conveyed to him at *York*, will extremely oblige him; and any expenſe ſhall be thankfully repaid by

W. NELSON.

THE ſubſcriber having diſpoſed of all his lottery tickets, begs leave to return his ſincere thanks to all his friends who have ſo readily aſſiſted him therein. He takes this method to inform them that his lottery will be drawn on *Wedneſday* the 30th inſtant, at *Hanover* court-houſe, as the day firſt appointed is inconvenient for the managers.

2 HARRY TOMPKINS.

To be SOLD *at* Rocky Ridge, *on* Thurſday *the* 31*ſt of this inſtant,*

ABOUT 200 CHOICE SLAVES, among whom are ſeveral valuable tradeſmen and houſe ſervants, late the property of Major *Harry Gaines*, deceaſed, and others. Six months credit will be allowed the purchaſers for one half the money, and twelve months for the remainder, on giving bond and good ſecurity to the adminiſtrators of *John Robinſon*, Eſq; deceaſed.

AS I have made an abſolute conveyance of my whole eſtate for the benefit of ſuch of my creditors as ſhall within three months ſignify to the truſtees named therein their approbation thereof, I muſt requeſt the favour of all thoſe who have not yet had an opportunity of informing themſelves of the nature of this truſt that they will, without delay, make application to Mr. *Jerman Baker* in *Williamſburg*, with whom the original conveyance is lodged, or Mr. *James Belſches* at *Cabin Point*, and Mr. *David Jameſon* in *York*, who have copies thereof, and likewiſe copies of the certificate granted me, and ſigned by all ſuch of my creditors as I have had an opportunity of ſeeing, which is by far the greater part. I muſt requeſt their moſt ſpeedy application to the Gentlemen above mentioned, as the truſtees are to carry on the copper mine, and diſpoſe of the profits ariſing therefrom, and from every other part of the eſtate, among the creditors, in the moſt advantageous manner. The truſtees named in the deed are Meſſ. *Warner Lewis*, *Fielding Lewis*, *George Riddell*, *Richard Randolph*, *James Belſches*, *Jerman Baker*, and *David Jameſon*, who are empowered to appoint any three of their number to act for the whole.

8 WILLIAM KENNON.

HANOVER, *Dec.* 15, 1767.

AS I want two SURVEYORS, one for the *Northern Neck*, and the other for 7 or 8 counties between *Rappahannock* and *James* rivers, thoſe with whom I contracted for theſe limits having diſappointed me: This is to give notice that I will allow 7s. 6d. a day to the ſurveyors, and find chain carriers and proviſions, or 11 s. they finding every thing; and they ſhall be paid in the ſpring, or part at a month's end, if they deſire it. 2 JOHN HENRY.

NORFOLK, *Dec.* 12, 1767.

THE ſubſcriber, intending to leave the colony ſoon, has now on hand a large aſſortment of garden and graſs SEEDS, and implements, of the beſt kinds, which he will ſell on very low terms for ready money.

1 JOHN EDWARDS, Gardener.

NANSEMOND, *Dec.* 11, 1767.

I INTEND to leave the colony ſoon.

JOHN CUMING.

To be LET *on* CHARTER *to any part of* EUROPE,

THE new ſhip HANNAH, *Robert Cawſon* maſter, now at NORFOLK, burthen about 600 hhds. will be ready to load by the firſt of *January* next. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber.

2 JOHN GREENWOOD.

To be SOLD,

A GENTEEL new CHARIOT, and complete ſet of HARNESS, juſt imported from *London*. Any Gentleman inclinable to purchaſe may be ſupplied on very reaſonable terms by applying to the ſubſcriber at Mr. *Andrew Sprowle's*, in *Goſport*.

2‖ THOMAS M'CULLOCH.

To be SOLD *at* Dumfries, *on* Monday *the* 11*th of* January *next*,

TWENTY one likely VIRGINIA born NEGROES. Three months credit will be allowed, on giving bond and good ſecurity to the ſubſcriber, who is properly authorized to ſell the ſame.

2‖ THOMAS COLEMAN.

To be SOLD *at publick ſale, on* Saturday *the* 2*d of* January *next, at* Tarborough *town in* North Carolina, *and may be entered on immediately,*

A VALUABLE Plantation, belonging to the eſtate of the Rev. Mr. *James Moir*, deceaſed, conſiſting of about 900 acres, ſituate within two miles of the ſaid town. There are on the land ſeveral houſes, a large orchard, &c. The purchaſer will have twelve months credit, on giving bond and ſecurity to

2 The EXECUTORS.

N. B. Five per cent. will be diſcounted for ready money.

Purſuant to an order of Eſſex *county court, will be* SOLD *at* Tappahannock *the* 26*th of this inſtant* (December) *in order to ſatisfy a debt due to* Archibald Ritchie, *Gentleman,*

ALL the right and title of *John Morgan* to two Negro ſlaves (lads) named *Adam* and *Iſaac*, and one fixth part of the Negroes *Adam*, *Ben*, and *Bob*, the right of the ſaid *John Morgan* therein. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, purſuant to an order of the ſaid court, one fixth part of the three laſt mentioned Negroes, *viz. Adam*, *Ben*, and *Bob*, being the right of *Joſiah Morgan* therein, to ſatisfy a debt due to the ſaid *Archibald Ritchie*. In caſe of any right being made by either *John Morgan* or *Joſiah Morgan* to any perſon or perſons to either of the ſlaves above mentioned, they are deſired (to prevent diſputes) to appear at *Tappahannock* on the day of ſale, to make their rights appear. IF PAY [illegible]

To be SOLD, *and entered upon immediately,*

FIVE hundred acres of LAND, on *Nottoway* river, in *Amelia* county, whereon *Hampton Wade* formerly lived, and carried on a conſiderable trade. There is a good dwelling-houſe 36 feet by 20, with two rooms below and two above, two brick chimnies, and a flush cellar, with a kitchen, ſtables, and three barns. The land is good, and enough of it cleared to work ſix hands. Twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved ſecurity. For terms apply to Mr. JOHN BAIRD in *Blandford*, or to me in *Halifax* county.

WILLIAM WADE.

Williamſburg, Dec. 17, 1767.

I INTEND for ENGLAND immediately.

ARTHUR HAMILTON.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber a Mulatto fellow named AARON, about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 19 years old, and marked on each cheek IR. Whoever brings the ſaid fellow to the ſubſcriber, in *Cheſterfield*, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, beſides what the law allows.

HENRY RANDOLPH.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a gray mare, about 4 feet 3 inches high, about 7 years old, branded on the off buttock M; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

1 ROBERT RUSSEL.

To be SOLD *at publick vendue, at* Norfolk, *on* Saturday *the* 19*th inſtant,*

ABOUT 6000 feet of MOHOGANY, equal in quality to that of *Jamaica*.

2 GILCHRIST & TAYLOR.

To be SOLD, *and entered upon immediately,*

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *King William* county, pleaſantly ſituated on *Mattapony* river, whereon Col. *Thomas Moore* now lives, containing 500 acres, to which is added about 40 or 50 acres of marſh, which produces good hay, and is capable of great improvements. On the plantation is a commodious brick houſe two ſtories high, handſomely wainſcotted, with four rooms on a floor, two of them with a large paſſage, four large cellars and cellar paſſage, with brick partitions to the top; the out-houſes are good and large, are fit for every convenience, and in perfect repair. There is alſo on the ſaid plantation an orchard of about 2 or 300 bearing crab trees, and a large garden in good order. The land is good for either grain or tobacco, is well timbered, and is a very convenient ſituation for carrying on a *Weſt India* trade, lying in the heart of a grain country, where a veſſel of 250 tuns burthen may load oppoſite to the houſe, and has alſo the advantage of fine fiſhing and fowling. Five hundred pounds of the purchaſe money to be paid in *April* next, and for the remainder one, two, or three years credit will be allowed, as may be agreed upon, by applying to either of the ſubſcribers, in *Hanover* county.

T‖ GEORGE THOMAS.
JOHN SMITH.

NOTICE is hereby given that there are now remaining in *Rocky Ridge* warehouſe, in *Cheſterfield* county, 8 hogſheads of tobacco, marks, numbers, weights, and names, as follow, which have been inſpected upwards of three years.

No.	Tare.	Neat.	
1954	125	931	*Auſtin Martin.*
2096	125	1275	*James Bagby.*
1815	118	1044	S S WW
505	128	918	*Elias Jones.*
1761	104	946	*Samuel Smith.*
870	126	1059	*William Webb.*
125	125	1175	No owners names can be found.
1405	106	1294	

SCOTT & BRANCH.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the* 4*th of* February *next, at* Hanover *court-houſe,*

SEVERAL likely *Virginia* born SLAVES, part of the eſtate of *William Ravens*, deceaſed. Likewiſe on the *Monday* following will be ſold, on the plantation of the ſaid *Ravens*, in *King William* county, a quantity of corn, fodder, &c. with his ſtock of horſes, cattle, ſheep, and hogs. Credit will be allowed the purchaſers until the 3d day of *November* following, upon giving bond with approved ſecurity to

The ADMINISTRATORS.

TAKEN up, in *King George*, a bay gelding, very old, about 15 hands high, with ſome ſaddle ſpots on his back, paces ſlow, but not branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s. 1 THOMAS SHARP.

TAKEN up, in *Fauquier*, a black horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, with a mealy coloured noſe, paces ſlow, branded on the near buttock ꝟB, and has a ſcar on the ſame thigh; poſted, and appraiſed to 5l. 10 s.

LEWIS WOODYARD.

TAKEN up, in *Fauquier*, a brindled cow, marked with a ſwallow fork and underkeel in the right ear, and a ſlit in the left; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

CHARLES CHINN.

TAKEN up, in *Brunſwick*, a bay mare, about 4 feet 3 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, paces a little, has a great many ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near buttock O; poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

LEWIS SCARBROUGH.

TAKEN up, in *King George*, a ſmall black mare, about 12 hands and a half high, branded on the near buttock ꝟ; poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

RUN away from the subscriber, about the 3d of last month, in *Prince William* county, near *Dumfries*, a *Scotch* servant man, named ROBERT CRAIG, about 5 feet 5 inches high, by trade a weaver, of a dark complexion, wears his own black short hair, and talks the *Scotch* dialect very broad; had on when he went away a drab coloured cloth great coat much patched, a jacket made out of an old *Dutch* blanket, an old felt hat welted round the brim with coloured thread, an old pair of osnabrug breeches, and a pair of ribbed yarn hose. Any person taking up the said servant, and conveying him to me, shall receive a reward of Three Pounds *Virginia* currency, besides what the law allows. 2 WILLIAM BRIGGS.

N. B. The above servant, I am informed, has wrote himself a discharge.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 2, 1767.

IMPORTED in the *Leeds*, Capt. *Anderson*, and supposed to be landed by mistake, a TRUNK marked BWC in a piece, with a P on the top of the W, No. 4, containing HABERDASHERY. It will be esteemed a favour if those who have received the same will immediately inform, and if an opportunity should offer contrive it to

Their humble servant,

Tf JOHN PRENTIS.

Sold at JOHN GREENHOW's *store, near the Church, in* WILLIAMSBURG, *for ready money only,*

WINE by the pipe, cask, gallon, or quart, capers, anchovies, olives, shell almonds, currants, preserved ginger and mixed sweetmeats, spices of all sorts, paints, train oil, split pease, pearl barley, china tea and coffee cups, hyson, congo, and bohea teas, hunting horns, plain and tipt with silver, chapes and tongs, galls, beaver traps, silver thimbles, broadcloths, duffils, blankets, kerseys, and Negro cotton, linens of all sorts, cambricks, lawns, gauze, dimity, calicoes, humhums, muslin, stuffs, diaper and tablecloths, mens and childrens worsted stockings, bugles, toys, cap wire, saddlers and blacksmiths tools, files of all sorts and sizes, and tools and materials for almost all trades, locks, hinges, and materials for building, iron pots, dogs, grates, wheel boxes, skillets, salamanders, coffee mills, and spice mortars, logwood, redwood, copperas, alum, cotton and wool cards, surveyors instruments, Love's surveying, a variety of childrens books, and stationary, sago, salop, and a variety of choice fresh drugs and medicines at an extraordinary low price, wholesale and retail, concave and convex spectacles, preservers, and hand glasses, lucern, sainfoin, red clover, hop clover, rape, canary, and French furze seeds, early garden pease, seine twine and cork, salt sack bags, spades, strong kitchen fire tongs, rotten stone, chalk, emory, all sorts of brushes and scrubs, billiard balls, glaziers diamonds and window glass, case bottles, soap, iron backbands and traces, whale bone and other stay materials, Dutch ovens, wire, pound pins, square pointed and Whitechapel needles, flax hickles, curving knives, white and brown sugar candy, barley sugar, tin sheets, curled hair, crucibles, London, German, and blister steel, steel plate, whipsaws, Roman fiddle strings and long fiddle sticks, and almost every other useful article that can be thought of.

WANTED,

A MAN that can come well recommended, who can manage 10 or 12 hands in a bakehouse. Such a one will meet with very good encouragement by applying to the subscriber in *Norfolk*, any time after the 10th day of *January* 1768. JOHN SMITH.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in *Dinwiddie* county, containing 827 acres, lying on the main road, and within a mile of the court-house. For terms apply to Mr. *David Jameson*, merchant in *York*.

ROBERT ROBERTSON.

To be SOLD,

TWO TRACTS of LAND in *Middlesex* county, the one containing 486 acres, whereon is a dwelling-house, with convenient out-houses, apple and peach orchards, and within a mile of *Piankatank* river. The other tract contains 200 acres, is within half a mile of the former, and joins upon the said river. Twelve months credit will be allowed for one half the purchase money, and two years for the other half, giving bond and sufficient security to

WILLIAM BLACKBURN.

KING & QUEEN, *Nov.* 1, 1767.

TAKEN up, in *Brunswick*, a yellowish bay horse, about 4 feet 5 or 6 inches high, 11 or 12 years old, with a black mane and tail, has black legs, his left hind foot white, several saddle spots, some white in his face, a small white spot under his right ear, is very mischievous, but not branded; posted, and appraised to 7 l. 10 s.

HENRY SADLER.

THE death of Captain MORDECAI THROCKMORTON having prevented the sale of the Negroes advertised to be sold at *Hanover* court-house in *November*, we purpose now to sell 30 likely *Virginia* born SLAVES, at the aforesaid place, on the 7th of JANUARY next. Credit will be allowed until the 25th of *April*, the purchasers giving bond with approved security to

7 GABRIEL THROCKMORTON.
ROBINSON DAINGERFIELD.

To be SOLD *by publick sale, on six months credit, in the town of* WARWICK, *on* Monday *the* 21*st of* December,

ABOUT 700 l. sterling worth of Goods, lately imported from LONDON for the *Virginia Indian* factory, consisting of blankets, shrouds, purple and scarlet plains, dowlas, garlix, *Irish* linens, checks, striped linens and cottons, flowered and spotted flannels, guns, brass and tin kettles, gunpowder, flints, hoes, *Indian* axes, and many other things too tedious to mention.

By order of the Trustees.

5 DAVID ROSS, Factor.

PRINCE GEORGE, *Nov.* 10, 1767.

SUPPOSED to be run away from the subscriber (having liberty about three weeks ago to go up to *Osborne*'s and *Warwick*, on *James* river, to look for work, and not since heard of) an indented servant man named ALEXANDER CUTHBERT, by trade a bricklayer, born in *Perth* in *Scotland*, but came last from *London* in one Captain *Grigg* to *Potowmack* river. He is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, about 22 years of age, wears his own hair of a dark brown colour, is a little pitted with the smallpox, and, as he was some time in *England*, has not much of the *Scotch* accent. Had with him when he went away a blue coarse cloth coat, blue and red striped silk and cotton jacket, blue breeches, several white and check linen shirts, and many other articles of apparel. He carried with him his bricklayer's and plaistering tools, a sliding rule, some books of architecture and mensuration, &c. From the little time I have had him, he appeared a harmless inoffensive lad, entirely sober and obliging, and if he is gone off must have been advised to such a measure by some more designing than himself. It is probable he may make to the northward and so to *Philadelphia*, having been heard to speak of some acquaintances gone that way. Whoever takes up the said servant (if run away) and delivers him to the subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS if taken within the colony, and TEN POUNDS if taken at any considerable distance out of it, paid by

4 WILLIAM BLACK.

N. B. All masters of vessels are desired to be cautious of not carrying such a person out of the country.

To be SOLD *by the subscriber, or in his absence by Mr.* George Miller, *at Mr.* Andrew Sprowle's *store-houses here,*

A QUANTITY of genuine MADEIRA WINE, of the best *New York* quality, either for cash, *Virginia* currency, or bills of exchange,

At £.32 sterling per pipe.
16-15 do. per hhd.
8-12-6 do. per quarter cask.
Or,
At £.36 sterling per pipe.
18-15 do. per hhd.
9-12-6 do. per quarter cask.

If it shall be sold on credit, the purchaser to give bond.

GOSPORT, *Sept.* 7, 1767. ROBERT MILLER.

To be SOLD, *on twelve months credit,*

ABOUT 20,000 acres of LAND, in *Amherst* county, to which an indisputable title will be made, and laid off in lots as may best suit the purchasers. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the executors of *Philip Grymes*, Esq; deceased, and lives in *Amherst* county) or to

Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX, Jun.

To be SOLD, *pursuant to an order of the Vestry of* Antrim *parish, in the county of* Halifax, *to the highest bidder, on* Tuesday *the* 15*th of* December *next, on the premises,*

THE GLEBE LANDS belonging to the said parish, containing 800 acres of valuable LAND, great part of which is low grounds. It lies about six miles from the old court-house, and is very convenient to several mills. There is on the said land a large dwelling-house, and every convenient out-house in good repair, also large orchards of apples and peaches of the best fruit; likewise a very large meadow well set with timothy grass, and a large quantity of meadow ground contiguous thereto not improved. The time of payment will be agreed upon at the day of sale, which will be fixed at a distant period. Any person inclinable to purchase the said land may view the same by applying to the Rev. Mr. *Alexander Gordon* on the premises, and may treat with the subscribers in a private manner at any time before the sale.

6 ROBERT WOODING, } Church-
GEORGE BOYD, } Wardens.

Scheme of a Lottery,

FOR disposing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unsold. The least valuable of the lots, according to the prices of those most remote from the river, which have been sold, not being less than 20 l. which is far below what was given for several near the river.

	Lots.	Val.	Rents.
Inspection at *Page*'s, five lots, at 12 years purchase,		L.840	L.70
Do. at *Crutchfield*'s, six lots, at do.		720	60
		L.1560	130
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, at 20 l.	135	2700	
		L.4260	130
137 Prizes,	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 tickets, at 10 l. each,		L.4000	

The said lottery will be drawn at Mr. ANTHONY HAY's, in *Williamsburg*, on the 4th *Thursday* in *April*, 1768.

Those who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing may give bond, to carry interest from that time.

Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompson, and *Jerman Baker*, Esquires, managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the subscriber.

Tf MANN PAGE.

A SCHEME,

For disposing of, by way of LOTTERY, *the* LAND *and* TENEMENTS *under mentioned, being the entire towns of* Rocky Ridge *and* Shockoe, *lying at the Falls of* James *river, and the land thereunto adjoining.*

THE advantageous situation of this estate is too well known to require a particular description, though it may be necessary to inform the publick that the obstructions through the Falls, and in other parts of the river above, will shortly be removed, and the river made navigable to the said towns: The navigation will thereby be extended, and made both safe and easy for upwards of two hundred miles above the said Falls, and a communication opened to the western frontier of the middle colonies, whereby there will not be more than sixty or seventy miles portage from *James* river to the *Ohio*; so that the immense treasure of that valuable country must necessarily be brought to market to one or other of the abovesaid towns, which will occasionally raise the rents, and enhance the value, of the lands and tenements under mentioned, beyond the powers of conception.

	Lots.	Value.	Rents.
A double forge, a mill, with two acres and a half of land adjoining, the use of the landing, the canal, with ten feet on each side, and 2000 acres of back land, the furthest part of which is not more than five miles from the forge,		L. 8000	
Inspection at *Rocky Ridge*, at 12 years purchase,		780	L. 65
James Lyle, his tenement, at do.		540	45
Archibald Buchanan, at do.		540	45
Alexander Stewart, at do.		510	42 10
Elizabeth Todd, at do.		480	40
Robert Gordon, at do.		90	7 10
Joseph Hopkins, at do.		60	5
John Shackelton, at do.		36	3
James Gunn, formerly rented to *Thomas Yuille*,		540	45
Ferry on the south side, at 20 years purchase, with half an acre of land on the bank,		2000	100
A fishery on the south side, at 20 years do.		600	30
Number of improved lots,	12	L. 14,176	L. 428
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, to be laid off in a town convenient to the river, with publick landings, at 25 l. each,	300	7500	
The amount of lots on the south side of *James* river, in *Chesterfield* county,	312	L. 21,676	L. 428
Shockoe inspection, at 12 years purchase,		L. 780	L. 65
Byrd's do. at do.		780	65
Watson's, at do.		720	60
James Buchanan, at do.		720	60
Patrick Coutts, at do.		420	35
George Ellis, at do.		120	10
James M'Dowell, at do.		480	40
David Ross, at do.		480	40
Thomas Younghusband, at do.		540	45
James Rozer, at do.		60	5
James Howling, at do.		60	5
John M'Keind, at do.		144	12
M'Pherson & Menzies, at do.		420	35
James Daley, at do.		36	3
Lewis Warwick, at do.		60	5
Ferry, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Fishery, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Number of improved lots,	17	L. 9820	L. 685
10,000 acres of land, to be laid off in lots of 100 acres each, valued at 30 s. per acre,	100	15,000	
10 islands, on some of which are very valuable fisheries,	10	300	
Lots unimproved, valued at 25 l. each,	400	10,000	
The amount of lots on the north side of *James* river,	527	L. 35,120	L. 685
The amount of lots on the south side of do. as above,	312	21,676	428
839 Prizes.	839	L. 56,796	L. 1113
9161 Blanks.			
10,000 Tickets, at 5 l. each,		L. 50,000	

The said lottery will be drawn at SHOCKOE's in *June* 1768, under the management and direction of the Hon. PRESLEY THORNTON, Esq; PEYTON RANDOLPH, JOHN PAGE, CHARLES CARTER, and CHARLES TURNBULL, Esquires, trustees for the same, who will execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers in this lottery. Tickets to be had of the trustees, also of Col. ARCHIBALD CARY, JOHN WAYLES, and the subscriber.

W. BYRD.

ALL Persons may be supplied with this PAPER at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inserted in it for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Week after. —— *,* All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neatest Manner, with Care and